

23377

## SEARCH REQUEST FORM

Examiner # (Mandatory): 73476 Requester's Full Name: MICHAEL PAIKArt Unit 1646 Location (Bldg/Room#): CMX/10E13 Phone (circle 305) 306 308 7038Serial Number: 09/163,713 Results Format Preferred (circle) PAPER DISK E-MAIL

Title of Invention \_\_\_\_\_

Inventors (please provide full names): \_\_\_\_\_

Earliest Priority Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Keywords (include any known synonyms registry numbers, explanation of initialisms): \_\_\_\_\_

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## Search Topic:

Please write detailed statement of the search topic, and the concept of the invention. Describe as specifically as possible the subject matter to be searched. Define any terms that may have a special meaning. Give examples of relevant citations, authors, etc., if known. You may include a copy of the abstract and the broadcast or most relevant claim(s).

*claims attached*  
Please search claims 6, 12, 14 sequence L, X, V, L<sub>2</sub>, L<sub>3</sub>

search SEQ ID NO: 1-17

Interference & commercial database

Thanks

P

## Point of Contact:

Alex Wacławiw

Technical Info. Specialist  
CM1 12C14 Tel: 308-4491

## STAFF USE ONLY

Searcher: \_\_\_\_\_

Searcher Phone #: \_\_\_\_\_

Searcher Location: \_\_\_\_\_

Date Picked Up: 1-6-00Date Completed: 1-6-00Clerical Prep Time: 20Terminal Time: 62

Number of Databases: \_\_\_\_\_

## Type of Search

\_\_\_\_ N.A. Sequence

18 X A.A. Sequence

\_\_\_\_ Structure (#)

\_\_\_\_ Bibliographic

mode 15 Litigation1

\_\_\_\_ Fulltext

\_\_\_\_ Procurement

\_\_\_\_ Other

## Vendors (include cost where applicable)

X STN

\_\_\_\_ Questel/Orbit

\_\_\_\_ Lexis/Nexis

\_\_\_\_ WWW/Internet

\_\_\_\_ In-house sequence systems (list)

\_\_\_\_ Dialog

\_\_\_\_ Dr. Link

\_\_\_\_ Westlaw

X Other (specify) musper

prop 3  
3  
4

① 5 20  
4

30  
18

57  
3

2  
62

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45-52

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seq. search -STW

Pak 09/163,713

=> d his

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:38:12 ON 06 JAN 2000)

DEL HIS Y

ACT PAK/A

L1 ( 341696)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON [IMLVFWY]..[IMLVFWY][IMLVFWY]/SQSP  
L2 36490 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND SQL<15

L3 25666 S L2 AND SQL<11 *Claim 6,12,14 sequence.*  
ACT PAK2/A

L4 ( 183)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON  
KLVQLLTTT|ILHRLLE|LLRYLLDK|LLRYLLD|L

L5 ( 25)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON  
QLLRYLLDKD|HQLLRYLLDKD|PQAQQKSLLQQLLT

L6 193 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L4 OR L5 - *seq's 1-17*

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:40:48 ON 06 JAN 2000

L7 26806 S L3

L8 152 S L6

L9 699 S NUCLEAR (L) HORMONE (L) RECEPTOR#

L10 5 S L7 AND L9

L11 10 S L8 AND L9

SELECT RN HIT L10 1-5

SELECT RN HIT L11 1-10

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:46:07 ON 06 JAN 2000

L12 22 S E64-85

L13 22 S L12 AND L3

L14 34 S E86-119

L15 34 S L14 AND L6

L16 19 S L15 NOT L13

Pak 09/163,713

=> fil reg

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:47:42 ON 06 JAN 2000  
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 4 JAN 2000 HIGHEST RN 252213-30-2  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 JAN 2000 HIGHEST RN 252213-30-2

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 13, 1999

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5.0 (Windows Only) SEE NEWS MESSAGE FOR DETAILS.

=> d his 11-13;d que 16

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:38:12 ON 06 JAN 2000)  
DEL HIS Y  
ACT PAK/A  
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L1 ( 341696)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON [IMLVFWY]..[IMLVFWY][IMLVFWY]/SQSP  
L2 36490 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L1 AND SQL<15  
-----  
L3 25666 S L2 AND SQL<11 *Chem 6, 12, 14*

L4 ( 183)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON  
KLVLQLLTTT|ILHRLLE|LLRYLLDK|LLRYLLD|L  
RYLLD|LLRYLL|LRYLL|LLRYLLDKD/SQSP  
L5 ( 25)SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON  
QLLRYLLDKD|HQLLRYLLDKD|PQAQKSLQQLLT  
|LLQQLLTE|VTLLQLLG|ILRKLLE|ILKRLLE|ILRRLLE|ILKKLLE/SQSP  
L6 193 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON L4 OR L5 *SEA'S 1-17*

=> fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:48:14 ON 06 JAN 2000  
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26, 1996), unless otherwise indicated in the original publications.

FILE COVERS 1967 - 6 Jan 2000 VOL 132 ISS 2  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 4 Jan 2000 (20000104/ED)

Pak 09/163,713

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

This file supports REGISTRY for direct browsing and searching of all substance data from the REGISTRY file. Enter HELP FIRST for more information.

'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'HCAPLUS' FILE

=> d hsi 17-

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'REGISTRY' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:end

=> d his 17-

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:38:12 ON 06 JAN 2000)

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:40:48 ON 06 JAN 2000

L7 26806 S L3  
L8 152 S L6  
L9 699 S NUCLEAR (L) HORMONE (L) RECEPTOR#  
L10 5 S L7 AND L9  
L11 10 S L8 AND L9  
SELECT RN HIT L10 1-5  
SELECT RN HIT L11 1-10

*Claims 6, 12, 14  
SEQ'S 1-17*

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:46:07 ON 06 JAN 2000

L12 22 S E64-85  
L13 22 S L12 AND L3  
L14 34 S E86-119  
L15 34 S L14 AND L6  
L16 19 S L15 NOT L13

*seq's from L10 & L11*

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:47:42 ON 06 JAN 2000

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:48:14 ON 06 JAN 2000

=> d .ca 110 1-5;d .ca 111 1-10

L10 ANSWER 1 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:641077 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:267023

TITLE: Compositions and methods for detecting  
ligand-dependent nuclear receptor and coactivator  
interactions for drug screening

INVENTOR(S): Northrop, Jeffrey Paul; Hart, Charles Praray; Schatz,  
Peter Joseph

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Glaxo Group Ltd., UK

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
WO 9950664	A1	19991007	WO 1999-US7168	19990401	
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG					
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-53611	19980401	
AB	The invention provides a method based upon the two hybrid system for examg. the interactions of nuclear receptors. The invention is addnl. directed to compns. for use in the assay and a method of identifying ligands of nuclear receptors and their coactivator or corepressor proteins. The use of nuclear receptor:coactivator interactions as a means for identifying and categorizing nuclear receptor ligands to be used in high-throughput screening was evaluated. A direct interaction assay suitable for in vitro use with enzymic readout (ELISA) was constructed using fusion proteins contg. TR (thyroid hormone receptor) or ER (estrogen receptor) ligand-binding domains and fragments of the coactivator protein, SRC-1. Specific, ligand-dependent interaction was demonstrated.				
IC	ICM G01N033-53				
ICS	G01N033-567; G01N033-542; C07K002-00; C07K004-00; C07K016-00				
CC	1-1 (Pharmacology)				
ST	Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3, 9				
IT	ligand <b>nuclear receptor</b> coactivator interaction; drug screening ligand <b>nuclear receptor</b> coactivator; thyroid <b>hormone receptor</b> fusion protein; estrogen <b>receptor</b> fusion protein Proteins (specific proteins and subclasses) RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process) (SMRT (silencing mediator of retinoic acid and thyroid <b>hormone receptor</b> ); compns. and methods for detecting ligand-dependent <b>nuclear receptor</b> and coactivator interactions for drug screening)				
IT	Estrogen receptors Thyroid <b>hormone receptors</b> RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (ligand-binding domain of, fusion proteins contg.; compns. and methods for detecting ligand-dependent <b>nuclear receptor</b> and coactivator interactions for drug screening)				
IT	245343-89-9P	245343-90-2P	245343-91-3P	245343-92-4P	245343-93-5P
	245343-94-6P	245343-95-7P	245343-96-8P	245343-97-9P	
	<b>245343-98-0P</b>	245343-99-1P	245344-00-7P	245344-01-8P	
	245344-02-9P	245344-03-0P	245344-04-1P	245344-05-2P	245344-06-3P
	RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN				

(Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(screening of, with immobilized GST-estrogen receptor in presence of estradiol; compns. and methods for detecting ligand-dependent nuclear receptor and coactivator interactions for drug screening)

L10 ANSWER 2 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:641074 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:282013

TITLE: Methods and compounds for modulating nuclear receptor activity

INVENTOR(S): Shiau, Andrew; Kushner, Peter J.; Agard, David A.; Greene, Geoffrey L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): University of California, USA; Arch Development Corp.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 207 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9950658	A2	19991007	WO 1999-US6937	19990330
W: AU, CA, JP, KR, US				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
WO 9960014	A2	19991125	WO 1999-US6899	19990330
W: AU, CA, JP, KR				
RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-PV79956	19980330
			US 1998-PV113014	19981216
			US 1998-PV113146	19981216

AB The present invention relates to methods and agonist/antagonist compds. for modulating nuclear receptor activity, and nuclear receptor ligand binding. The invention includes a method for identifying residues comprising a ligand binding domain for a nuclear receptor of interest. Also included in a method of identifying agonists and/or antagonists that bind to the ligand binding domain of the nuclear receptors, and the estrogen receptor in particular. The invention is exemplified by identification and manipulation of the ligand binding domain of the estrogen receptor and compds. that bind to this site. The methods can be applied to other nuclear receptors including TR, GR and PR.

IC ICM G01N033-48

CC 2-1 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 1

IT Androgen receptors

Estrogen receptors

Glucocorticoid receptors

Ligands

Mineralocorticoid receptors

Nuclear receptors

Peptides, biological studies

Progesterone receptors

Retinoid receptors

Thyroid hormone receptors

Vitamin D receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);  
PROC (Process)

(screening for compds. modulating nuclear receptor activity)

IT 50-28-2, 17.beta.-Estradiol, biological studies 56-53-1,  
Diethylstilbestrol 84-16-2, Mesohexestrol 143-50-0, Kepone  
479-13-0,

Coumestrol 789-02-6 1972-08-3, .DELTA.9-Thc 10540-29-1, Tamoxifen  
17924-92-4, Zearalenone 34816-55-2, Moxestrol 84449-90-1, Raloxifene  
98007-99-9 155701-61-4, Gw5638 182167-03-9, Em800 205128-72-9  
**245122-98-9** 245122-99-0 245123-00-6 245123-01-7  
245123-02-8 245123-03-9 245123-04-0 245123-05-1 245123-06-2  
245123-07-3 245123-08-4 245123-09-5 245676-26-0 245676-32-8  
245676-38-4 245676-43-1 245676-45-3 245676-46-4 245676-47-5  
245676-49-7 245676-54-4 246236-26-0

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);  
PROC (Process)

(screening for compds. modulating nuclear receptor activity)

IT **245742-95-4 245742-96-5**

RL: PRP (Properties)

(unclaimed protein sequence; methods and compds. for modulating  
nuclear  
receptor activity)

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:632635 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:346702

TITLE: NRIF3 is a novel coactivator mediating functional  
specificity of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**

AUTHOR(S): Li, Dangsheng; Desai-Yajnik, Vandana; Lo, Eric;  
Schapira, Matthieu; Abagyan, Ruben; Samuels, Herbert  
H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Molecular Endocrinology, Departments of  
Medicine and Pharmacology, New York University School  
of Medicine, New York, New York, NY, 10016, USA

SOURCE: Mol. Cell. Biol. (1999), 19(10), 7191-7202  
CODEN: MCEBD4; ISSN: 0270-7306

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Many nuclear receptors are capable of recognizing similar DNA elements.  
The mol. event(s) underlying the functional specificities of these  
receptors (in regulating the expression of their native target genes) is

a  
very important issue that remains poorly understood. Here the authors  
report the cloning and anal. of a novel nuclear receptor coactivator  
(designated NRIF3) that exhibits a distinct receptor specificity.  
Fluorescence microscopy shows that NRIF3 localizes to the cell nucleus.  
The yeast two-hybrid and/or in vitro binding assays indicated that NRIF3  
specifically interacts with the thyroid hormone receptor (TR) and  
retinoid

X receptor (RXR) in a ligand-dependent fashion but does not bind to the  
retinoic acid receptor, vitamin D receptor, progesterone receptor,  
glucocorticoid receptor, or estrogen receptor. Functional expts. showed

that NRIF3 significantly potentiates TR- and RXR-mediated transactivation in vivo but has little effect on other examd. nuclear receptors. Domain and mutagenesis analyses indicated that a novel C-terminal domain in

# NRIF3

plays an essential role in its specific interaction with liganded TR and RXR while the N-terminal LXXLL motif plays a minor role in allowing optimum interaction. Computer modeling and subsequent exptl. anal. suggested that the C-terminal domain of NRIF3 directly mediates interaction with liganded receptors through an LXXIL (a variant of the canonical LXXLL) module while the other part of the NRIF3 protein may still play a role in conferring its receptor specificity. Identification of a coactivator with such a unique receptor specificity may provide new insight into the mol. mechanism(s) of receptor-mediated transcriptional activation as well as the functional specificities of nuclear receptors.

CC 2-2 (Mammalian Hormones)

Section cross-reference(s): 3

ST NRIF3 coactivator sequence human; transcription factor NRIF3

**nuclear receptor** binding structure; thyroid

**hormone receptor** NRIF3 coactivator binding structure;

retinoid RXR **receptor** NRIF3 coactivator binding structure

IT Transcription factors

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); PRP

(Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)

(NRIF3 (**nuclear receptor**-interacting factor 3);

sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in

transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone**

**receptors**)

IT Transcriptional regulation

(activation; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in

transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone**

**receptors**)

IT Retinoid X **receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(complexes with retinoate; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and

involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

**hormone receptors**)

IT Thyroid **hormone receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(complexes with triiodothyronine; sequencing of human NRIF3

coactivator

and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

**hormone receptors**)

IT **Hormone receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(**nuclear**; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and

involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

**hormone receptors**)

IT Structure-activity relationship

(**receptor**-binding; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and

involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear**

**hormone receptors**)

IT Cell nucleus

Molecular modeling

Protein sequences

cDNA sequences

.alpha.-Helix

(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in



- transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Retinoid X **receptors**  
Thyroid hormone **receptors**  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Protein motifs  
(transcriptional factor NRIF3 C-terminal domain; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 250677-92-0  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence); PROC (Process)  
(amino acid sequence; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 243888-17-7, GenBank AF175306  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(nucleotide sequence; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 153559-57-0, LG100153  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)  
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 5300-03-8, 9-cis-Retinoic acid 6893-02-3, Triiodothyronine  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 5300-03-8D, 9-cis-Retinoic acid, **receptor** complexes 6893-02-3D, Triiodothyronine, **receptor** complexes  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 61-90-5, Leucine, biological studies  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(transcriptional factor C-terminal domain; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 250591-21-0 250591-22-1  
RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)  
(transcriptional factor NRIF3 C-terminal domain; sequencing of human NRIF3 coactivator and involvement in transcriptional activation by **nuclear hormone receptors**)

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:687  
 TITLE: **Nuclear hormone receptor**  
 drug screens  
 INVENTOR(S): Lustig, Kevin; Baeuerle, Patrick; Beckmann, Holger;  
 Chen, Jin-Long; Shan, Bei  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tularik Inc., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9927365	A1	19990603	WO 1998-US24969	19981120
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9915989	A1	19990615	AU 1999-15989	19981120
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1997-975614	19971121
			US 1998-163713	19980930
			WO 1998-US24969	19981120

AB Methods for identifying modulators of nuclear hormone receptor function comprise the steps of (a) forming a mixt. comprising a nuclear hormone receptor, a peptide sensor and a candidate agent, but not a natural coactivator protein of the receptor, wherein the sensor provides direct, in vitro binding to the receptor under assay conditions; (b) measuring an agent-biased binding of the sensor to the receptor; and (c) comparing the agent-biased binding with a corresponding unbiased binding of the sensor to the receptor. In particular embodiments, the sensor comprises an amphipathic alpha helix nuclear hormone interacting domain comprising a recited nuclear hormone transcriptional coactivator motif sequence, the sensor is present at sub-micromolar concn., the binding reaction occurs in soln., the sensor comprises a fluorescent label and the measuring step comprises detecting fluorescence polarization of the label. Reagents include labeled sensor peptides and reaction mixts. consisting essentially of nuclear hormone receptor, a peptide and a candidate.

IC ICM G01N033-53  
 ICS G01N033-566

CC 1-1 (Pharmacology)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2

ST drug screening **nuclear hormone receptor**  
 ligand; peptide sensor **nuclear receptor** ligand  
 screening

IT Thyroid **hormone receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (4, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (COR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (COUP-TF.alpha. and COUP-TF.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method  
 for  
 screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**  
**receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (COUP-TF.gamma., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of  
 ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Steroid receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (DAX-1; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear**  
**hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (ERR (estrogen-related **receptor**) .alpha. and .beta.,  
 ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (FXR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Orphan receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (GCNF (germ cell **nuclear** factor), ligand-binding domain of;  
 method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**  
**receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (HZF-2.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of  
 ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (LXR.alpha. and LXR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for  
 screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**  
**receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (MB67.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of  
 ligands  
 of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Transcription factors**

- RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(NGFI-B.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of  
ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(NOR1 (neuron-derived orphan **receptor**-1), ligand-binding  
domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear  
hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(NURR1 (Nur-related factor 1), ligand-binding domain of; method for  
screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(Nur-77, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Retinoid **receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(ROR.alpha. (retinoid orphan **receptor** .alpha.),  
ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Retinoid **receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(RZR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands  
of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(Rev-ErbA.alpha. and Rev-ErbA.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method  
for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(SHP, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(TOR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Steroid **receptors**  
Thyroid **hormone receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(TR2-11 (thyroid/steroid **hormone receptor** 2-11),  
.alpha. and .beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of  
ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);

- ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(Tlx, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Avidins  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(immobilized; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear  
hormone receptors**)
- IT Epitopes  
(labels; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear  
hormone receptors**)
- IT Peroxisome proliferator-activated **receptor** .gamma.  
Steroidogenic factor 1  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Biosensors  
Drug screening  
Drugs  
Fluorescent indicators  
Protein sequences  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)
- IT Ligands  
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)
- IT Antibodies  
Peptides, uses  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)
- IT **Hormone receptors**  
**Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)
- IT HNF-4 (hepatocyte **nuclear** factor 4)  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 58-85-5, Biotin 13558-31-1D, derivs.  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(label; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear  
hormone receptors**)
- IT 2140-46-7, 25-Hydroxycholesterol 5300-03-8, 9-cis-Retinoic acid  
17752-16-8, 24-Ketocholesterol 17954-98-2 22348-64-7 30271-38-6,  
24-Hydroxycholesterol 72542-49-5, 24,25-Epoxycholesterol 122320-73-4,  
BRL 49653  
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)
- IT 50812-37-8D, Glutathione S-transferase, fusion protein with

**nuclear hormone receptor** ligand-binding domain

202394-77-2 214893-80-8 215598-57-5

215598-58-6 215598-59-7 215598-60-0

225916-28-9 225916-29-0 225916-30-3

225916-31-4 225916-32-5 225916-33-6

225916-34-7 225916-35-8 225916-36-9

225916-37-0 225916-38-1

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

L10 ANSWER 5 OF 5 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:71152 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:150402

TITLE: Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors  
INVENTOR(S): Chambon, Pierre; Gronemeyer, Hinrich; Voegel, Johannes; Lutz, Yves

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut National De La Sante Et De La Recherche Medicale, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche Scientifique; Universite Louis Pasteur; Bristol-Myers Squibb Company

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9802455	A2	19980122	WO 1997-US12100	19970711
W: CA, JP				
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE				
EP 939810	A2	19990908	EP 1997-932575	19970711
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1996-21247	19960712
			WO 1997-US12100	19970711

AB The present invention concerns a nuclear receptor (NR) transcriptional mediator. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid mols. are provided encoding transcriptional intermediary factor-2 (TIF2). Nuclear receptors (NRs) act as ligand-inducible transcription factors which regulate the expression of target genes upon binding to cognate response elements.

The ligand-dependent activity of the NR activation function AF-2 is believed to be mediated to the transcription machinery through transcriptional mediators/intermediary factors (TIFs). This invention describes the cloning of the 160-kDa human nuclear protein TIF2, which exhibits all properties expected for a mediator of AF-2: (1) it interacts in vivo with NRs in an agonist-dependent manner; (2) it binds directly to the ligand-binding domains (LBDs) of NRs in an agonist- and AF-2-integrity-dependent manner in vitro; (3) it harbors an autonomous transcriptional activation function; (4) it relieves nuclear receptor autosquelching; and (5) it enhances the activity of some nuclear receptor

AF-2s when overexpressed in mammalian cells. TIF2 exhibits partial sequence homol. with the recently isolated steroid receptor coactivator SRC-1, indicating the existence of a novel gene family of nuclear receptor transcriptional mediators. Recombinant methods for making TIF2 polypeptides are also provided as are TIF2 antibodies. Screening methods are also provided for identifying agonists and antagonists of the activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors, for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD1 activation domain activity of TIF2, and for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD2 activation domain activity of TIF2.

IC ICM C07K014-00  
 CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2, 6, 13

IT Androgen receptors  
 Estrogen receptors  
 Glucocorticoid receptors  
 Nuclear receptors  
 Progesterone receptors  
 Retinoic acid receptor .alpha.  
 Retinoic acid receptors  
 Retinoid X receptors  
 Thyroid hormone receptors  
 Vitamin D receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202394-75-0P 202394-76-1P 202394-77-2P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:359735 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:687

TITLE: Nuclear hormone receptor drug screens

INVENTOR(S): Lustig, Kevin; Baeuerle, Patrick; Beckmann, Holger; Chen, Jin-Long; Shan, Bei

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tularik Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 9927365 A1 19990603 WO 1998-US24969 19981120  
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,  
DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,  
KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,  
NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,  
UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,  
FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,  
CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
AU 9915989 A1 19990615 AU 1999-15989 19981120  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-975614 19971121  
US 1998-163713 19980930  
WO 1998-US24969 19981120

AB Methods for identifying modulators of nuclear hormone receptor function  
comprise the steps of (a) forming a mixt. comprising a nuclear hormone  
receptor, a peptide sensor and a candidate agent, but not a natural  
coactivator protein of the receptor, wherein the sensor provides direct,  
in vitro binding to the receptor under assay conditions; (b) measuring an  
agent-biased binding of the sensor to the receptor; and (c) comparing the  
agent-biased binding with a corresponding unbiased binding of the sensor  
to the receptor. In particular embodiments, the sensor comprises an  
amphipathic alpha helix nuclear hormone interacting domain comprising a  
recited nuclear hormone transcriptional coactivator motif sequence, the  
sensor is present at sub-micromolar concn., the binding reaction occurs  
in  
soln., the sensor comprises a fluorescent label and the measuring step  
comprises detecting fluorescence polarization of the label. Reagents  
include labeled sensor peptides and reaction mixts. consisting  
essentially  
of nuclear hormone receptor, a peptide and a candidate.

IC ICM G01N033-53  
ICS G01N033-566

CC 1-1 (Pharmacology)  
Section cross-reference(s): 2

ST drug screening **nuclear hormone receptor**  
ligand; peptide sensor **nuclear receptor** ligand  
screening

IT **Thyroid hormone receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(4, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(COR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(COUP-TF.alpha. and COUP-TF.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method  
for  
screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**  
**receptors**)

IT **Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)



- (COUP-TF.gamma., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Steroid **receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (DAX-1; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (ERR (estrogen-related **receptor**) .alpha. and .beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (FXR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (GCNF (germ cell **nuclear** factor), ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (HZF-2.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (LXR.alpha. and LXR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (MB67.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Transcription factors  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (NGFI-B.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (NOR1 (neuron-derived orphan **receptor**-1), ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT Orphan **receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (NURR1 (Nur-related factor 1), ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)

- receptors)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (Nur-77, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Retinoid receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (ROR.alpha. (retinoid orphan **receptor** .alpha.),  
 ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Retinoid receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (RZR.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands  
 of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (Rev-ErbA.alpha. and Rev-ErbA.beta., ligand-binding domain of; method  
 for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone**  
**receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (SHP, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (TOR, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Steroid receptors**  
**Thyroid hormone receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (TR2-11 (thyroid/steroid **hormone receptor** 2-11),  
 .alpha. and .beta., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of  
 ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Nuclear receptors**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (Tlx, ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of  
**nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT **Avidins**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
 (immobilized; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear**  
**hormone receptors**)
- IT **Epitopes**  
 (labels; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear**  
**hormone receptors**)
- IT **Peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor .gamma.**  
**Steroidogenic factor 1**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified);  
 ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of

- nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT Biosensors  
Drug screening  
Drugs  
Fluorescent indicators  
Protein sequences  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT Ligands  
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT Antibodies  
Peptides, uses  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT **Hormone receptors**  
**Nuclear receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT HNF-4 (hepatocyte **nuclear** factor 4)  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(.alpha., ligand-binding domain of; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT 58-85-5, Biotin 13558-31-1D, derivs.  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(label; method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT 2140-46-7, 25-Hydroxycholesterol 5300-03-8, 9-cis-Retinoic acid 17752-16-8, 24-Ketocholesterol 17954-98-2 22348-64-7 30271-38-6, 24-Hydroxycholesterol 72542-49-5, 24,25-Epoxycholesterol 122320-73-4, BRL 49653  
RL: ANT (Analyte); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**
- IT 50812-37-8D, Glutathione S-transferase, fusion protein with **nuclear hormone receptor** ligand-binding domain  
202394-77-2 214893-80-8 215598-57-5  
215598-58-6 215598-59-7 215598-60-0  
225916-28-9 225916-29-0 225916-30-3  
225916-31-4 225916-32-5 225916-33-6  
225916-34-7 225916-35-8 225916-36-9  
225916-37-0 225916-38-1  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(method for screening of ligands of **nuclear hormone receptors)**

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:8011 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:62064

TITLE: Transcription factor coactivator protein p/CIP binds

INVENTOR(S): CBP and mediates nuclear receptor function  
Rosenfield, Michael G.; Glass, Christopher K.; Rose,  
David W.; Torchia, Joseph  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The Regents of the University of California, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9856806	A1	19981217	WO 1998-US12263	19980612
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 9881421	A1	19981230	AU 1998-81421	19980612
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1997-49452 19970612				
WO 1998-US12263 19980612				
AB	The present invention provides a substantially purified nucleic acid mol. encoding a p/CIP polypeptide, which regulates the activity of CBP/p300-dependent transcription factors. The invention also provides a substantially purified p-CIP polypeptide and active fragments thereof. Factor p/CIP is present in the cell as a complex with CBP and is required for transcriptional activity of nuclear receptors and other CBP/p300-dependent transcription factors. NCoA-1 and NCoA-2 are also provided, and are required for activation of genes by nuclear receptors. All 3 factors contains related leucine-rich charged helical interaction motifs that are required for receptor-specific mechanisms of gene activation, and allow the selective inhibition of distinct signal-transduction pathways. In addn., the invention provides methods			
of	identifying an effective agent that alters the assocn. of a p/CIP polypeptide with a second protein. Further provided herein are methods			
of	selectively inhibiting signal transduction pathways using an active fragment of a p/CIP polypeptide or a nucleic acid mol. encoding such an active fragment.			
IC	ICM C07H021-04			
CC	ICS C07K014-00; C12N015-12; G01N033-53			
CC	3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)			
IT	Section cross-reference(s): 6, 13			
IT	ERE (estrogen-responsive element)			
	Estrogen receptors			
	Nuclear receptors			
	Progesterone receptors			
	Retinoic acid receptors			
	TRE (thyroid hormone-response element)			
	Thyroid hormone receptors			
	RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)			
	(transcription factor coactivator protein p/CIP binds CBP and mediates			

**nuclear receptor function)**

IT **193488-33-4**, Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-assocd. protein) (mouse) **193488-34-5**, Transcription factor NCoA-2 (nuclear receptor co-activator 2) (mouse) **218134-59-9**  
**218134-60-2** **218134-61-3** **218134-62-4** **218134-63-5**  
**218134-64-6**  
 RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (amino acid sequence; transcription factor coactivator protein p/CIP binds CBP and mediates nuclear receptor function)

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:803920 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:48285  
 TITLE: Identification of polypeptides that interact with  
**nuclear hormone receptors**  
 INVENTOR(S): Moore, David D.; Lee, Jae Woon  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The General Hospital Corporation, USA  
 SOURCE: U.S., 69 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 969,136, abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXAM  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5846711	A	19981208	US 1994-222719	19940404
US 5866686	A	19990202	US 1995-470925	19950606
US 5962256	A	19991005	US 1995-471613	19950606
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1992-969136	19921030
			US 1994-222719	19940404

AB A method for detg. whether a test protein is capable of interacting with  
 a  
 nuclear hormone receptor protein based on the in vivo interaction trap  
 system is described. The method uses a host cell carrying a reporter  
 gene  
 under control of a protein binding site; a chimeric gene for a fusion  
 protein of a nuclear hormone receptor and a binding moiety capable of  
 specifically binding to the protein binding site; and a second chimeric  
 gene for a fusion protein of the test protein covalently bonded to a weak  
 gene activating moiety. The effect of the test protein on the level of  
 expression of the reporter gene is detd.: if it increases expression of  
 the reporter gene then this indicates its ability to interact with the  
 nuclear hormone receptor protein. Such an interaction may be hormone  
 dependent, hormone independent, or hormone sensitive. A no. of proteins  
 interacting with a thyroid hormone receptor were identified  
 using a fusion protein of the receptor and the lexA protein and a fusion  
 protein of the candidate with the weak B42 activation domain to activate  
 expression of the LEU2 gene.

IC ICM C12Q001-68  
 ICS C12P021-06; C12N015-00; C07H017-00  
 NCL 435006000  
 CC 3-1 (Biochemical Genetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2

ST **nuclear hormone receptor** binding protein  
assay; sequence human thyroid **hormone receptor** binding  
protein cDNA

IT Transcription factors  
RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); BPR (Biological process); ANST  
(Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(B42, test protein fused to; identification of polypeptides that  
interact with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Chimeric genes  
RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)  
(for **nuclear hormone receptors** and  
transcription activators; identification of polypeptides that interact  
with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Reporter genes  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses)  
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear  
hormone receptors**)

IT Antibodies  
Thyroid **hormone receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); ANST  
(Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear  
hormone receptors**)

IT Ligands  
RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study)  
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear  
hormone receptors**)

IT Genetic methods  
(in vivo trap interaction; identification of polypeptides that  
interact  
with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT **Receptors**  
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); ANST  
(Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(**nuclear hormone**; identification of polypeptides  
that interact with **nuclear hormone  
receptors**)

IT 158105-03-4, Thyroid **hormone receptor**-binding protein  
S309a-(human) 158105-04-5, Thyroid **hormone receptor**  
-binding protein S223a-fragment (human) 158105-05-6, Thyroid  
**hormone receptor**-binding protein S110a-fragment (human)  
158124-33-5, Thyroid **hormone receptor**-binding protein  
S110a-(human) 158163-11-2, Thyroid **hormone receptor**  
-binding protein S101a (human) 158163-19-0, Thyroid  
**hormone receptor**-binding protein S205a (human)  
158163-20-3, Thyroid **hormone receptor**-binding protein  
S107a-(human) 158163-28-1 158163-29-2 158163-30-5 158708-22-6  
158708-23-7 158708-24-8 158708-25-9 158708-26-0 158708-27-1  
158708-28-2 158708-29-3 158708-30-6 158708-31-7 158708-32-8  
158708-33-9 158708-34-0 158708-35-1 158708-36-2 158708-37-3  
158708-38-4 158708-39-5 158708-40-8 158708-41-9 158708-42-0  
158708-43-1 158708-44-2 158708-45-3 158708-46-4 158708-47-5  
158708-48-6 158708-49-7 158708-50-0 158708-51-1 158708-52-2  
158708-53-3 158708-54-4 158708-55-5 158708-56-6 158708-57-7  
158708-58-8 158708-59-9 158708-60-2 158708-61-3 158708-62-4  
158708-63-5 158708-64-6 158708-65-7  
RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);

PROC (Process)  
(identification of polypeptides that interact with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:646711 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:11699

TITLE: Mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction

between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the coactivator TIF2

AUTHOR(S): Leers, Jorg; Treuter, Eckardt; Gustafsson, Jan-Ake  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Biotechnology, Department of Biosciences, Karolinska Institute, NOVUM, Huddinge, S-14157, Swed.

SOURCE: Mol. Cell. Biol. (1998), 18(10), 6001-6013  
CODEN: MCEBD4; ISSN: 0270-7306

PUBLISHER: American Society for Microbiology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Nuclear hormone receptors exert transcriptional activation of target genes

upon hormone induction via interactions with the basal transcription machinery. This interaction is mediated by cofactors which phys. bind to receptors, thereby acting as coactivators or corepressors leading to activation or repression, resp. Here we report the screening for and cloning of a peroxisome proliferator receptor-interacting protein, the

rat

homolog of TIF2. By sequence comparison with the related coactivator SRC-1, we identified three short conserved motifs (NR boxes) in both proteins which are the putative binding sites of TIF2 to nuclear hormone receptors. We demonstrate here by generation of amino acid exchanges within the NR boxes that all three boxes located in the receptor interaction domain of TIF2 are necessary and sufficient for interaction. The three boxes individually can bind to hormone receptors but display preferences in binding for certain receptors. In addn., we show that the interaction domain of TIF2 can compete with other AF-2-dependent

cofactors

for binding to receptors. Finally, we demonstrate cooperative binding of two TIF2 mols. to a heterodimeric nuclear receptor complex even in the presence of only one cognate ligand, indicating an allosteric effect on the heterodimeric partner upon coactivator binding.

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3

ST coactivator TIF2 NR box **hormone receptor**; TIF2 NR

**nuclear hormone receptor** interaction; rat

coactivator TIF2 protein sequence

IT Protein motifs

(NR boxes and IAD domain (central interaction domain); mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the coactivator TIF2)

IT Transcription factors

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(TIF2; mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the coactivator TIF2)

IT Conformation (protein)

Molecular association

Protein sequences

Rat

(mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between  
**nuclear hormone receptors** and the

coactivator TIF2)

IT Retinoid X **receptor** .alpha.

Retinoid X **receptor** .beta.

Thyroid **hormone receptor** .alpha.

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction between

**nuclear hormone receptors** and the

coactivator TIF2)

IT Peroxisome proliferator-activated **receptors**

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(.alpha.; mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent interaction

between **nuclear hormone receptors** and the

coactivator TIF2)

IT **216067-47-9**, Transcription factor TIF2 (rat reduced)

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);

PROC (Process)

(amino acid sequence; mechanistic principles in NR box-dependent

interaction between **nuclear hormone**

**receptors** and the coactivator TIF2)

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:71152 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:150402

TITLE: Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa  
transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent  
activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors

INVENTOR(S): Chambon, Pierre; Gronemeyer, Hinrich; Voegel,  
Johannes; Lutz, Yves

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut National De La Sante Et De La Recherche  
Medicale, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche  
Scientifique; Universite Louis Pasteur; Bristol-Myers  
Squibb Company

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 120 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	WO 9802455	A2	19980122	WO 1997-US12100	19970711
	W: CA, JP				
	RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT,				
SE	EP 939810	A2	19990908	EP 1997-932575	19970711
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
	IE, FI				
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				US 1996-21247	19960712
				WO 1997-US12100	19970711
AB	The present invention concerns a nuclear receptor (NR) transcriptional mediator. More specifically, isolated nucleic acid mols. are provided				



encoding transcriptional intermediary factor-2 (TIF2). Nuclear receptors (NRs) act as ligand-inducible transcription factors which regulate the expression of target genes upon binding to cognate response elements.

The

ligand-dependent activity of the NR activation function AF-2 is believed to be mediated to the transcription machinery through transcriptional mediators/intermediary factors (TIFs). This invention describes the cloning of the 160-kDa human nuclear protein TIF2, which exhibits all properties expected for a mediator of AF-2: (1) it interacts in vivo with NRs in an agonist-dependent manner; (2) it binds directly to the ligand-binding domains (LBDs) of NRs in an agonist- and AF-2-integrity-dependent manner in vitro; (3) it harbors an autonomous transcriptional activation function; (4) it relieves nuclear receptor autosquelching; and (5) it enhances the activity of some nuclear receptor AF-2s when overexpressed in mammalian cells. TIF2 exhibits partial sequence homol. with the recently isolated steroid receptor coactivator SRC-1, indicating the existence of a novel gene family of nuclear

receptor

transcriptional mediators. Recombinant methods for making TIF2 polypeptides are also provided as are TIF2 antibodies. Screening methods are also provided for identifying agonists and antagonists of the activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors, for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD1 activation domain activity of TIF2, and for identifying agonists and antagonists of the AD2 activation domain

activity

of TIF2.

IC ICM C07K014-00

CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 2, 6, 13

IT Androgen receptors

Estrogen receptors

Glucocorticoid receptors

Nuclear receptors

Progesterone receptors

Retinoic acid receptor .alpha.

Retinoic acid receptors

Retinoid X receptors

Thyroid **hormone receptors**

Vitamin D receptors

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of **nuclear receptors**)

IT 202486-16-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
(TIF2.1 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a

160-kDa

transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-18-8P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
(TIF2.3 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a

160-kDa

transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-19-9P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (TIF2.4 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-20-2P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (TIF2.5 fragment; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202486-13-3P 202486-14-4P 202486-15-5P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (amino acid sequence; transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

IT 202394-75-0P 202394-76-1P 202394-77-2P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (transcriptional intermediary factor TIF2 is a 160-kDa transcriptional mediator for the ligand-dependent activation function AF-2 of nuclear receptors)

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:729604 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:58750

TITLE: TRAM-1, a novel 160-kDa thyroid hormone receptor activator molecule, exhibits distinct properties from steroid receptor coactivator-1

AUTHOR(S): Takeshita, Akira; Cardona, Guemalli R.; Koibuchi, Noriyuki; Suen, Chen-Shian; Chin, William W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Division of Genetics, Department of Medicine, Brigham and Women's Hospital and Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: J. Biol. Chem. (1997), 272(44), 27629-27634

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER: American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Nuclear hormone receptors (NRs) are ligand-dependent transcription factors

that regulate target gene transcription. The authors report the mol. cloning and characterization of a novel human cDNA encoding TRAM-1, a thyroid hormone receptor activator mol.; a .apprx.160-kDa protein homologous with SRC-1/TIF2, by far-Western-based expression screening. TRAM-1 binds to thyroid hormone receptor (TR) and other NRs in a

ligand-dependent manner and enhances ligand-induced transcriptional activity of TR. The AF-2 region in NRs has been thought to play a crit. role in mediating ligand-dependent transactivation by the interaction with

coactivators. Surprisingly, TRAM-1 retains strong ligand-dependent interaction with an AF-2 mutant of TR (E457A), while SRC-1 fails to interact with this mutant. Furthermore, the authors identified a crit. TRAM-1 binding site in rat TR.beta.1 outside of AF-2, as TRAM-1 shows weak

ligand-dependent interaction with a helix 3 ligand binding domain TR mutant (K288A), compared with SRC-1. These results suggest that TRAM-1 is

a coactivator that may exhibit its activity by interacting with subdomains

of NRs other than the AF-2 region, in contrast to SRC-1/TIF2.

CC 6-3 (General Biochemistry)  
Section cross-reference(s): 2, 3

IT Transcription factors  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(SRC-1 (steroid **receptor** coactivator-1); cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Transcription factors  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
(TRAM-1 (thyroid **hormone receptors** activator mol. 1); cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Protein motifs  
Protein sequences  
Transcriptional regulation  
cDNA sequences  
(cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Estrogen **receptors**  
**Hormone receptors**  
Retinoic acid **receptors**  
Retinoid X **receptors**  
TRE (thyroid **hormone**-response element)  
Thyroid **hormone receptors**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

IT Thyroid **hormone receptor** .beta.1  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

- IT 200222-66-8P  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (amino acid sequence; cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 6893-02-3, Triiodothyronine  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)
- IT 199491-28-6, GenBank AF016031  
 RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)  
 (nucleotide sequence; cDNA sequence of human thyroid **hormone receptor** activator mol. TRAM-1 and deletion anal. of its interactions with **nuclear hormone receptors**)

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:401373 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:157534  
 TITLE: The transcriptional co-activator p/CIP binds CBP and mediates nuclear-receptor function  
 AUTHOR(S): Torchia, Joseph; Rose, David W.; Inostroza, Juan; Kamei, Yasutomi; Westin, Stefan; Glass, Christopher K.; Rosenfeld, Michael G.  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Howard Hughes Med. Inst., Univ. California, San Diego,  
 La Jolla, CA, 92093-0648, USA  
 SOURCE: Nature (London) (1997), 387(6634), 677-684  
 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836  
 PUBLISHER: Macmillan Magazines  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English

AB The functionally conserved proteins CBP and p300 act in conjunction with other factors to activate transcription of DNA. A new factor, p/CIP, has been discovered that is present in the cell as a complex with CBP and is required for transcriptional activity of nuclear receptors and other CBP/p300-dependent transcription factors. The highly related nuclear-receptor co-activator protein NCoA-1 is also specifically required for ligand-dependent activation of genes by nuclear receptors. P/CIP, NCoA-1 and CBP all contain related leucine-rich charged helical interaction motifs that are required for receptor-specific mechanisms of gene activation, and allow the selective inhibition of distinct signal-transduction pathways.

CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2, 13

ST transcription factor pCIP CBP **nuclear receptor**;  
**hormone receptor** transcription factor pCIP CBP; human transcription factor pCIP NCoA2 sequence; cDNA sequence transcription factor pCIP NCoA2

IT Progesterone receptors  
Thyroid **hormone receptors**  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL  
(Biological study)  
(p/CIP requirement for action of; transcriptional co-activator p/CIP  
binds CBP and mediates **nuclear-receptor** function)

IT ERE (estrogen-responsive element)  
TRE (thyroid **hormone**-response element)  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(transcriptional co-activator p/CIP binds CBP and mediates  
**nuclear-receptor** function)

IT 193488-33-4 193488-34-5  
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR  
(Biological  
process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(amino acid sequence; transcriptional co-activator p/CIP binds CBP and  
mediates nuclear-receptor function)

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:607636 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:294320

TITLE: The **nuclear hormone**

**receptor** coactivator SRC-1 is a specific  
target of p300

AUTHOR(S): Yao, Pso-Pang; Ku, Gregory; Zhou, Naidong; Scully,  
Ralph; Livingston, David M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Harvard Medical School,  
Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U. S. A. (1996), 93(20),  
10626-10631

CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB P300 and its family member, CREB-binding protein (CBP), function as key  
transcriptional coactivators by virtue of their interaction with the  
activated forms of certain transcription factors. In a search for addnl.  
cellular targets of p300/CBP, a protein-protein cloning strategy,  
surprisingly identified SRC-1, a coactivator involved in nuclear hormone  
receptor protein. P300 and SRC-1 interact, specifically, in vitro and  
they also form complexes in vivo. Moreover, we show that SRC-1 encodes a  
new member of the basic helix-loop-PAS domain family and that it phys.  
interacts with the retinoic acid receptor in response to hormone binding.  
Together, these results implicate p300 as a component of the retinoic

acid  
signaling pathway, operating, in part, through specific interaction with  
a  
nuclear hormone receptor coactivator, SRC-1.

CC 3-3 (Biochemical Genetics)

Section cross-reference(s): 6, 13

IT Ribonucleic acid formation factors

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); PRP  
(Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(gene mSRC-1; sequence of **nuclear hormone**  
**receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target  
of p300)

IT Gene, animal

RL: BPR (Biological process); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study);

PROC (Process)  
 (mSRC-1; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 and which which is a specific target of p300)

IT Protein sequences  
 (of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT Proteins, biological studies  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (p300; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 and which which is a specific target of p300)

IT Mouse  
 (sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT Deoxyribonucleic acid sequences  
 (complementary, for **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT **Receptors**  
 RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
 (retinoic acid, **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 interaction with retinoic acid **receptor** in response to **hormone** binding)

IT **183147-89-9**  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (amino acid sequence; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

IT **180009-17-0**  
 RL: PRP (Properties)  
 (nucleotide sequence; sequence of **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator protein SRC-1 which is a specific target of p300)

L11 ANSWER 9 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:444296 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:160156

TITLE: Molecular cloning and properties of a full-length putative thyroid hormone receptor coactivator

AUTHOR(S): Takeshita, Akira; Yen, Paul M.; Misiti, Silvia; Cardona, Guemalli R.; Liu, Ying; Chin, William W.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Genetics, Brigham and Women's Hospital, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SOURCE: Endocrinology (1996), 137(8), 3594-3597

CODEN: ENDOAO; ISSN: 0013-7227

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Thyroid hormone receptors (TRs) are ligand-dependent transcription factors

that regulate target gene transcription. The conserved carboxy-terminal region of the ligand-binding domain (AF-2) has been thought to play a crit. role in mediating ligand-dependent transactivation by the interaction with coactivator(s). Using bacterially-expressed TR as a probe, far-Western-based expression cDNA library screening identified cDNAs that encode, in part, the recently reported partial steroid receptor

coactivator-1 (SRC-1) sequence. Addnl. work, including 5' RACE, has characterized a full-length cDNA that encodes a .apprx.160 kD protein as

a putative thyroid hormone receptor coactivator (F-SRC-1). In vitro binding studies show that F-SRC-1 binds to a variety of nuclear hormone receptors in a ligand-dependent manner, along with TBP and TFIIB, suggesting that F-SRC-1 may play as role as a bridging mol. between nuclear hormone receptors and general transcription factors. Interestingly, AF-2 mutants also retain ligand-dependent interaction with F-SRC-1. Although F-SRC-1 recognizes the ligand-induced conformational changes of nuclear hormone receptors, our observations suggest that F-SRC-1 may bind directly with subregion(s) in nuclear hormone receptors other than the AF-2 region.

CC 3-4 (Biochemical Genetics)  
Section cross-reference(s): 2, 6

IT **Estrogen receptors**  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT **Receptors**  
**Retinoid receptors**  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(RAR-.beta. (retinoic acid **receptor** .beta.), F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT **Receptors**  
**Retinoid receptors**  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(RXR.beta. (retinoid X **receptor** .beta.), F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT **Receptors**  
RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)  
(estrogen, F-SRC-1 binding to; cloning and sequence of putative **nuclear hormone receptor** coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

IT **180191-82-6**  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(amino acid sequence; cloning and sequence of putative thyroid hormone receptor coactivator F-SRC-1 of human)

L11 ANSWER 10 OF 10 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:647190 HCAPLUS  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:247190  
TITLE: Identification of polypeptides that interact with  
**nuclear hormone receptors**  
INVENTOR(S): Moore, David D.; Lee, Jae Won  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): General Hospital Corp., USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2  
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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WO 9410338 A1 19940511 WO 1993-US10443 19931029  
W: AU, JP  
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE  
AU 9455890 A1 19940524 AU 1994-55890 19931029  
AU 685412 B2 19980122  
EP 666926 A1 19950816 EP 1994-901227 19931029  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT,  
SE  
JP 08504325 T2 19960514 JP 1993-511358 19931029  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1992-969136 19921030  
WO 1993-US10443 19931029  
AB A method for detg. whether a test protein is capable of interacting with  
a  
nuclear hormone receptor protein based on the in vivo interaction trap  
system is described. The method uses a host cell carrying a reporter  
gene  
under control of a protein binding site; a chimeric gene for a fusion  
protein of a nuclear hormone receptor and a binding moiety capable of  
specifically binding to the protein binding site; and a second chimeric  
gene for a fusion protein of the test protein covalently bonded to a weak  
gene activating moiety. The effect of the test protein on the level of  
expression of the reporter gene is detd.: if it increases expression of  
the reporter gene then this indicates its ability to interact with the  
nuclear hormone receptor protein. Such an interaction may be hormone  
dependent, hormone independent, or hormone sensitive. A no. of proteins  
interacting with a thyroid hormone receptor were identified  
using a fusion protein of the receptor and the lexA protein and a fusion  
protein of the candidate with the weak B42 activation domain to activate  
expression of the LEU2 gene.  
IC ICM C12Q001-00  
ICS G01N033-53; A61K037-24; A61K037-36; C07K013-00  
CC 2-1 (Mammalian Hormones)  
Section cross-reference(s): 3, 9  
ST **nuclear hormone receptor** binding protein  
assay  
IT Gene, animal  
RL: ANST (Analytical study)  
(cDNA, for proteins interacting with **nuclear hormone**  
**receptors**, identification and cloning of)  
IT **Hormone receptors**  
Thyroid **hormone receptors**  
RL: ANST (Analytical study)  
(**nuclear**, peptides interacting with, methods for  
identification of, interaction trap system for)  
IT Antibodies  
RL: ANST (Analytical study)  
(to polypeptides interacting with **nuclear** thyroid  
**hormone receptor**)  
IT Gene  
RL: ANST (Analytical study)  
(chimeric, for **nuclear hormone receptors**  
and transcription activators, in identification of **receptor**  
-binding peptides)  
IT **Receptors**  
RL: ANST (Analytical study)  
(**hormone**, **nuclear**, peptides interacting with,  
methods for identification of, interaction trap system for)



IT **Receptors**

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(thyroid hormone, nuclear, peptides interacting with, methods for identification of, interaction trap system for)

IT 158105-03-4, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S309a-(human)  
 158105-04-5, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S223a-fragment (human) 158105-05-6, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S110a-fragment (human) 158124-33-5, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S110a-(human) 158163-11-2, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S101a (human) 158163-19-0, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S205a (human) 158163-20-3, Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S107a-(human) 158163-28-1 158163-29-2  
 158163-30-5 158708-22-6 158708-23-7 158708-24-8 158708-25-9  
 158708-26-0 158708-27-1 158708-28-2 158708-29-3 158708-30-6  
 158708-31-7 158708-32-8 158708-33-9 158708-34-0 158708-35-1  
 158708-36-2 158708-37-3 158708-38-4 158708-39-5 158708-40-8

RL: ANST (Analytical study)

(amino acid sequence of and cloning of cDNA for, interaction trap system in)

=> fil reg

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 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 4 JAN 2000 HIGHEST RN 252213-30-2

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH JANUARY 13, 1999

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POTENTIAL STEREO BOND SEARCH PROBLEM WITH STN EXPRESS WITH DISCOVER!  
 5.0 (Windows Only) SEE NEWS MESSAGE FOR DETAILS.

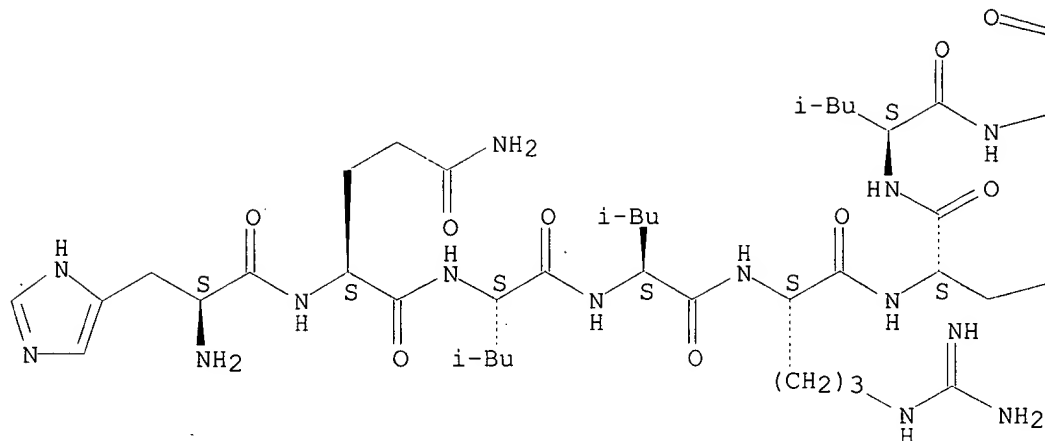
=> d l16 sqide 1-19

*seo's from L10 & L11*

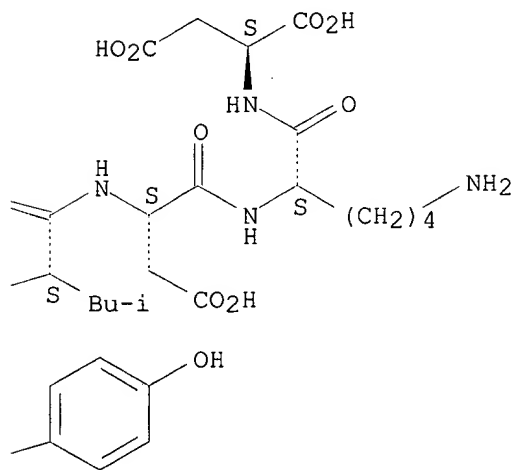
L16 ANSWER 1 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RN 225916-33-6 REGISTRY  
 CN L-Aspartic acid, L-histidyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-arginyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-lysyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH  
 SQL 11  
 SEQ 1 HQLLRYLDDK D  
 =====  
 HITS AT: 1-11  
 MF C64 H104 N18 O18  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 2 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
RN 218134-64-6 REGISTRY  
CN 562-808-Transcription factor NCoA-2 (nuclear receptor co-activator 2)  
(mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
SQL 247

SEQ 1 LQNSPVNMNP PPLSKMGSLD SKDCFGLYGE PSKGTGQAE ASCHPKKQKG  
51 PNDSSMPQAA SGDRAGHSR LHDSKGQTKL LQLLTTKSDQ MEPSPLPSSL  
101 SDTNKDSTGS LPGPGSTHGT SLKEKHKILH RLLQDSSSPV DLAKLTAEAT  
151 GKELSQESS TAPGSEVTVK QEPASPKKE NALLRYLLDK DDTKDIGLPE

201 ITPKLERLDS KTDPASNTKL IANKTVKEEV SFEPSDQPGS ELDNLEE

HITS AT: 183-190

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 218134-63-5 REGISTRY

CN 680-740-Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein)  
(mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 161

SEQ 1 SNSRDPQVKK ESKESSGEVS ETPRGPLESK GHKKLLQLLT CSSDDRGHSS  
51 LTNSPLDPMC KDSSSVSTSP SGVSSSTSGT VSSTSNVRGS LLQEKMRILH  
101 KLLQNGNSPA EVAKITAEAT GKDTSSSTASC GEGTTRQEQL SPKKKKNNAL

151 LRYLLDRDDP S

HITS AT: 150-156

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 4 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 218134-62-4 REGISTRY

CN 591-803-Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein)  
(mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 213

SEQ 1 SKESSGEVSE TPRGPLESKG HKKLLQLLTC SSDDRGHSSL TNSPLDPMCK  
51 DSSSVSTSPS GVSSSTSGTV SSTSNNVRGSL LQEKMRILHK LLQNGNSPAE  
101 VAKITAEATG KDTSSSTASCG EGTTRQEQLS PKKKKNNALL RYLLDRDDPS

151 DVLAKELQPQ ADSDGSKLSQ CSCSTNPSSG QEKDPKIKTE TNDEVSGDLD

201 NLDAILGDLT SSD

HITS AT: 139-145

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

## 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 5 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RN 218134-59-9 REGISTRY  
 CN 78-1115-Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein)  
 (mouse) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
 SQL 1038

SEQ 1 RQIRQIKEQG KTISSDDDVQ KADVSSTGQG VIDKDSLGPL LLQALDGFLE  
 51 VVNRDGNIVF VSKNVTQYLQ YKQEDLVNTS VYSILMEPRR KDFLNTYQNP  
 101 QLMEFLGLMR TRDKKAPYIL IVRMLMKTHD ILKDVNASPE TRQRYETMQC  
 151 FALSQPRAML EGEDLQCCM ICVARRVTAP FPSSPESFIT RHDLSGKVVN  
 201 IDTNSLRSSM RPFEDIIRR CIQRFFSLND QQSWSQKRHY QEAYVHGHA  
 251 TPVYRFLAD GTIVSAQTKS KLFRNPVTND RHGFISTHFL QREQNGYRPN  
 301 PIPQDKGIRP PAAGCGVSMS PNQNVQMMGS RTYGVPDPSN TGQMGGARYG  
 351 ASSSVASLTP GQSLQSPSSY QNSSYGLSMS SPPHGSPGLG PNQQNIMISP  
 401 RNRGSPKNAS HQFSPAAGAH SPMGPGSNTG SHSFSSSSLS ALQAISEGVG  
 451 TSLLSTLSSP GPKLDNSPNM NISQPSKVSG QDSKSPLGLY CEQNPVESSV  
 501 CQNSNRDPQV KKESSKESSGE VSETPRGPLE SKGHKKLLQL LTCSSDDRGH  
 551 SSLTNSPLDP MCKDSSVSST SPSPGVSSSTS GTVSSTSNVR GSLLQEKMRI  
 601 LHKLLQNGNS PAEVAKITAE ATGKDTSSA SCGEGTTRQE QLSPKKKKNN  
 651 ALLRYLLDRD DPSDVLAKEL QPQADSGDSK LSQCSCSTNP SSGQEKDPKI  
 =====  
 701 KTETNDEVSG DLDNLDAILG DLTSSDFYNN PTNGGHPGAK QQMFGAPSSL  
 751 GLRSPQFVQS VRPPYNRAVS LDSPVSVGSG PPVKNVSAFP GLPKQPILAG  
 801 NFRMMDSQKN YGANNGPNRN VPVNPTSSPG DWGLANSRAS RMEPLASSPL  
 851 GRTGADYSAT LPRPAHGGSV PTLPLRSNRL PGARPSLQQQ QQQQQQQQQQ  
 901 QQQQQQQQQQ MLQMRTGEIP MGMGVNPYSP AVQSNQPGSW PEGMLSMEQG  
 951 PHGSQNRPLL RNSLDDLLGP PSNAEQSDE RALLDQLHTF LSNTDATGLE  
 1001 EIDRALGIPE LVNQGALES KQDVFGQEA AVMMDQKA

HITS AT: 652-658

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 6 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RN 216067-47-9 REGISTRY  
 CN Transcription factor TIF2 (rat reduced) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER NAMES:  
 CN Coactivator TIF2 (rat reduced)  
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
 SQL 1465

SEQ 1 MSGMGENTSD PSRAETRKRK ECPDQLGPSP KRSTEKRNRE QENKYIEELA  
 51 ELIFANFNDI DNFNFKPKDC AILKETVKQI RQIKEQEKA AANIDEVQKS  
 101 DVSSTGQGI DKDALGPMML EALDGGFFV NLEGNVVFVS ENVTQYLRYN  
 151 QEELMNKSVY SILHVGDHTE FVKNLLPKSM VNGGSWTGEP PRRNSHTFNC  
 201 RMLVKPLPDS EEEGHNDQEA HQKYETMQCF AVSQPKSIKE EGEDKQSCLI  
 251 CVARRVPMKE RPALPSSESF TTRQDLQGI TFLDTSTMRD AMKPGWEDLV  
 301 RRCIQKFHTQ HEGESLSYAK RHHHEVLRQG LAFSQIYRFS LSDGTLVAAQ  
 351 TKSKLIRSQT TNEPQLVISI HMLHREQNVC VMNPDLTGQA MGKPLSPMSS  
 401 SSPARQAMCS GNPQDVALG SNMNFPMNGP REQMSMPMGR FGGSGGMNHV  
 451 SGMQATTPOG SNYALKMNSP SQSSPGLNPG QPSSVLSPRH RMSPGVAGSP

501 RVPPSQFSPA GSLHSPAGVC SSTGNSHSYT NSSLNALQAL SEGHSVSLGP  
 551 SLASPDLMKG NSQNSPVNMN PPPLSKMGSL DSKDCFGLYG EPSEGTTGQA  
 601 QASCHPEEQK RPNDSMPQA ASEDRAEGHS RLHESKGQTK LLQLLTTKSD  
 651 QMEPSPLPSS LSDTNKDSTG SLPGPGSTHG TSLKEKHKIL HRLLQDSSSP  
 701 VDLAKLTAEA TGKELNQESS GTAPGSEVTV KQEPASPKKK ENALLRYLLD

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751 KDDTKDIGLP EITPKLERLD SKTDPASNTK LIAMKTVKEE VSFEPDQPG

=

801 SELDNLEEIL DDLQNSQLPQ LFPDTRPGAP TGSVDKQAI NDLMQLTADS  
 851 SPVTPVGAQK AALRMSQSTF NNPRPGQLGR LLPNQNLPLD ITLQSPTGAG  
 901 PFPPIRNSSP YSVIPQPGMM GNQGMGSGG NLGNNSTGMI GSSTSRSSMP  
 951 SGEWAPQSPA VRVTCATG AMNRPIQGGM IRNPTASIPM RANSQPGQRO  
 1001 MLQPQVMNIG PSELEMMMG PYNQQQAPP NQTAPWPESI LPIDQASFGS  
 1051 QNRHPFGSSP DDLLCPHPAA ESPSDEGALL DQLYLALRNF DGLEEIDRAL  
 1101 GIPELVVSQSQ AVDPEQFSSQ ESSMMLEQKP PVFPQQYASQ TQMAQGSYNP  
 1151 MQDPNFHTMG QRPNYTTLRM QPRPGLRPTG IVQNQPNQLR LQLQHRLQAO  
 1201 QNRQPLMNQI SGVSNVNLTL RGPVPTQAPI NAQMLAQQR EILNQHLRQR  
 1251 QMHQQQQVQQ RTLMMRGQGL NMTPSMVAPT GLPAAMSNPR IPQANAQQFP  
 1301 FPPNYGISQQ PDPGFTGATT PQSPLMSPRM AHTQSPMMQQ SQANPAYQPA  
 1351 SDINGWAQGS MGGNSMFSQQ SPPHFGQQAN TSMYNNNMNI NVSMATNTAG  
 1401 LSNMNQMTGQ MSMTSVTSVP TSGLSSMGPE QVNDPALRGS SLFTTNQLPG  
 1451 MDMIKQEGDG SRKYC

HITS AT: 744-751

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 7 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 215598-57-5 REGISTRY

CN L-Threonine, L-prolyl-L-glutaminyl-L-alanyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-seryl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

SQL 14

SEQ 1 PQAQKSLLO QLLT

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HITS AT: 1-14

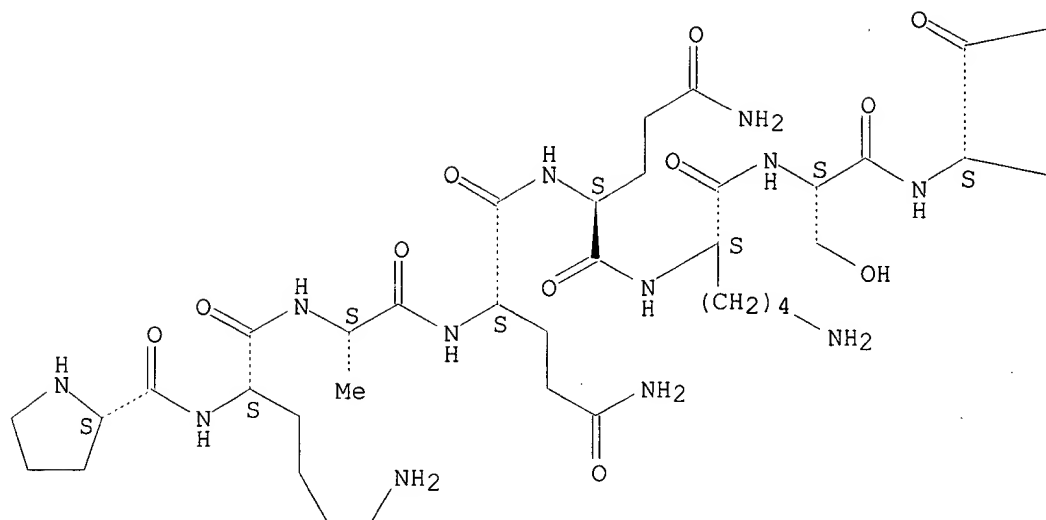
MF C70 H122 N20 O22

SR CA

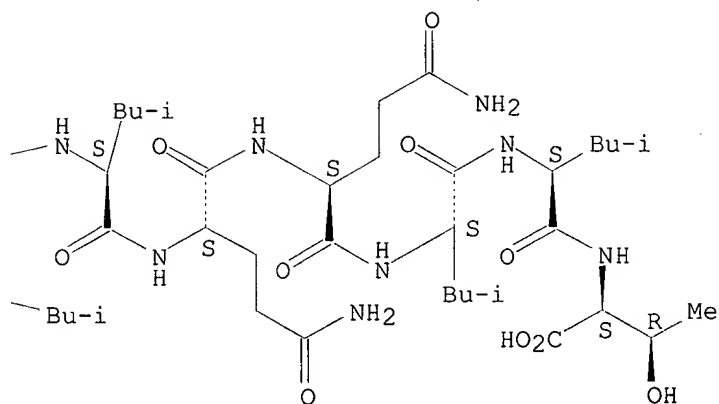
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 8 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
RN 202486-20-2 REGISTRY  
CN 624-869-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA  
INDEX

NAME)  
FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
SQL 246

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP  
51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA  
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT  
=====

HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 9 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
RN 202486-19-9 REGISTRY  
CN 624-1010-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 387

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP  
51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA  
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT  
=====

HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 10 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
RN 202486-18-8 REGISTRY  
CN 624-1179-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 556

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP

51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA  
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT

=====

151 DPASNTKLIA MKTEKEEMSF EPGDQPGSEL DNLEEILDDL QNSQLPQLFP  
201 DTRPGAPAGS VDKQAIINDL MQLTAENSPV TPVGAQKTAL RISQSTFNNP  
251 RPGQLGRLLP NQNLPLDITL QSPTGAGPFP PIRNSSPYSV IPQPGMMGNQ  
301 GMIGNQGNLG NSSTGMIGNS ASRPTMPSGE WAPQSSAVRV TCAATTSAMN  
351 RPVQGGMIRN PAASIPMRPS SQPGQRQTLQ SQVMNIGPSE LEMNMGGPQY  
401 SQQQAPPNQT APWPESILPI DQASFASQNR QPFGSSPDDL LCPHPAAESP  
451 SDEGALLDQL YLALRNFDGL EEIDRALGIP ELVSQSQAVD PEQFSSQDSN  
501 IMLEQKAPVF PQQYASQAQM AQGSYSMPQD PNFHTMGQRP SYATLRMQPR  
551 PGLRPT

HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 11 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 202486-16-6 REGISTRY

CN 624-1287-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 664

SEQ 1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP  
51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA  
101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT

=====

151 DPASNTKLIA MKTEKEEMSF EPGDQPGSEL DNLEEILDDL QNSQLPQLFP  
201 DTRPGAPAGS VDKQAIINDL MQLTAENSPV TPVGAQKTAL RISQSTFNNP  
251 RPGQLGRLLP NQNLPLDITL QSPTGAGPFP PIRNSSPYSV IPQPGMMGNQ  
301 GMIGNQGNLG NSSTGMIGNS ASRPTMPSGE WAPQSSAVRV TCAATTSAMN  
351 RPVQGGMIRN PAASIPMRPS SQPGQRQTLQ SQVMNIGPSE LEMNMGGPQY  
401 SQQQAPPNQT APWPESILPI DQASFASQNR QPFGSSPDDL LCPHPAAESP  
451 SDEGALLDQL YLALRNFDGL EEIDRALGIP ELVSQSQAVD PEQFSSQDSN  
501 IMLEQKAPVF PQQYASQAQM AQGSYSMPQD PNFHTMGQRP SYATLRMQPR  
551 PGLRPTGLVQ NQPNQLRLQL QHRLQAQQR QPLMNQISNV SNVNLTLRPG  
601 VPTQAPINAQ MLAQRQREIL NQHLRQRQMH QQQQVQQRTL MMRGQGLNMT  
651 PSMVAPSGMP ATMS

HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 12 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 202486-14-4 REGISTRY

CN 624-1131-Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA  
INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 508



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SEQ      1 ERADGQSR LH DSKGQTKLLQ LLTTKSDQME PSPLASSLSD TNKDSTGSLP
      51 GSGSTHGTSL KEKHKILHRL LQDSSSPVDL AKLTAEATGK DLSQESSSTA
     101 PGSEVTIKQE PVSPKKKENA LLRYLLDKDD TKDIGLPEIT PKLERLDSKT
           =====
     151 DPASNTKLIA MKTEKEEMSF EPGDQPGSEL DNLEEILDDL QNSQLPQLFP
     201 DTRPGAPAGS VDKQAIINDL MQLTAENSPV TPVGAQKTAL RISQSTFNNP
     251 RPGQLGRLLP NQNLPLDITL QSPTGAGPFP PIRNSSPYSV IPQPGMMGNQ
     301 GMIGNQGNLG NSSTGMIGNS ASRPTMPSGE WAPQSSAVRV TCAATTSAMN
     351 RPVQGGMIRN PAASIPMRPS SQPGQRQTLQ SQVMNIGPSE LEMNMGGPQY
     401 SQQQAPPNQT APWPESILPI DQASFASQNR QPFGSSPDDL LCPHPAAESP
     451 SDEGALLDQL YLALRNFDGL EEIDRALGIP ELVSQSQAVD PEQFSSQDSN
     501 IMLEQKAP
  
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HITS AT: 121-128

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 13 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 202486-13-3 REGISTRY

CN Transcriptional intermediary factor TIF-2 (human) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank X97674-derived protein GI 1877215

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 1464

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SEQ      1 MSGMGENTSD PSRAETRKRK ECPDQLGPSP KRNTEKRNRE QENKYIEELA
      51 ELIFANFN DI DNFNFKPDKC AILKETVKQI RQIKEQEKAA AANIDEVQKS
     101 DVSSTGQGVI DKDALGPMML EALDGFFFV NLEGNVVFVS ENVTQYLRYN
     151 QEELMNKSVY SILHVG DHE FVKNLLPKSI VNGGSWSGEP PRNSHTFNC
     201 RMLVKPLPDS EEEGHDNQA HQKYETMQCF AVSQPKSIKE EGEDLQSCLI
     251 CVARRVPMKE RPVLPSSESF TTRQDLQGI TSLDTSTMRA AMKPGWEDLV
     301 RRCIQKFHAQ HEGESVSYAK RHHHEVLRQG LAFSQIYRFS LSDGTLVAAQ
     351 TSKSLIRSQT TNEPQLVISL HMLHREQNVC VMNPDLTGQT MGKPLNPIS
     401 NSPAHQALCS GNPQDMTSL SNINFPI NGP KEQMGMMPGR FGGSGGMNHV
     451 SGMQATTPQG SNYALKMNSP SQSSPGMNPQ QPTSMLSPRH RMSPGVAGSP
     501 RIPPSQFSPA GSLHSPVGVC SSTGNSHSYT NSSLNALQAL SEG HGVSLGS
     551 SLASPD LKMG NLQNSPVNMN PPPLSKMGSL DSKDCFGLYG EPSEGT TGQA
     601 ESSCHPGEQK ETNDPNLPPA VSSERADGQS RLHDSKGQTK LLQLLTTKSD
     651 QMEPSPLASS LSDTNKDSTG SLPGSGSTHG TSLKEKHKIL HRL LQDSSSP
     701 VDLAKLTAEA TGK DLSQESS STAPGSEVTI KQEPVSPKKK ENALLRYLLD
           =====
     751 KDDTKDIGLP EITPKLERLD SKTDPASNTK LIAMKTEKEE MSFEPGDQPG
           =
     801 SELDNLEEIL DDLQNSQLPQ LFPDTRPGAP AGSVDKQAI NDLMQLTAEN
     851 SPVTPVGAQK TALRISQSTF NNPRPGQLGR LLPNQNLPLD ITLQSPTGAG
     901 PFPPIRNSSP YSVIPQPGMM GNQGMIGNQG NLGNSSTGMI GNSASRPTMP
     951 SGEWAPQSSA VRVTCAATTS AMNRPVQGGM IRNPAASIPM RPSSQPGQRQ
    1001 TLQSQVMNIG PSELEMNMGG PQYSQQQAPP NQTAPWPESI LPIDQASFAS
    1051 QNRQPFQSSP DDLLC PHPAA ESPSDEGALL DQYLALRNF DGLEEIDRAL
    1101 GIPELVQSQ AVDPEQFSSQ DSNIMLEQKA PVFPQQYASQ AQMAQGSYSP
    1151 MQDPNFHTMG QRPSYATLRM QPRPGLRPTG LVQNQPNQLR LQLQHRLQAQ
    1201 QNRQPLMNQI SNVSNVNLTL RGVPTQAPI NAQMLAQRQR EILNQHLRQR
    1251 QMHQQQQVQQ RTLMMRGQGL NMTPSMVAPS GMPATMSNPR IPQANAQQFP
    1301 FPPNYGISQQ PDPGFTGATT PQSPLMSPRM AHTQSPMMQQ SQANPAYQAP
  
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1351 SDINGWAQGN MGGNSMFSSQ SPPHFGQQAN TSMYSNNMNI NVSMATNTGG  
 1401 MSSMNQMTGQ ISMTSVTSVP TSGLSSMGPE QVNDPALRGG NLFPNQLPGM  
 1451 DMIKQEGDIT RKYC  
 HITS AT: 744-751  
 MF Unspecified  
 CI MAN  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 14 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RN 200222-66-8 REGISTRY  
 CN Transcription factor TRAM-1 (thyroid hormone receptor activator molecule  
 1) (human) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 OTHER NAMES:  
 CN GenBank AF016031-derived protein GI 2584880  
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
 SQL 1424

SEQ 1 MSGLGENLDP LASDSRKRKL PCDTPGQGLT CSGEKRRREQ ESKYIEELAE  
 51 LISANLSDID NFNVKPDKCA ILKETVRQIR QIKEQGKTIS NDDDVQKADV  
 101 SSTGQGVIDK DSLGPLLLQA LDGFLFVVR DGNIVFVSEN VTQYLQYKQE  
 151 DLVNTSVYNI LHEEDRKDFL KNLPKSTVNG VSWTNETQRQ KSHTFNCRML  
 201 MKTPHDILED INASPEMRQR YETMQCFALS QPRAMMEEGE DLQSCMICVA  
 251 RRITTGERTF PSNPESFTR HDLSGKVVNI DTNSLRSSMR PGFEDIIRRC  
 301 IQRFFSLNDG QSWSQKRHYQ EAYLNGHAET PVYRFLADG TIVTAQTKSK  
 351 LFRNPVTNDR HGFVSTHFLQ REQNGYRPNP NPVGQGIRPP MAGCNSSVGG  
 401 MSMSPNQGLQ MPSSRAYGLA DPSTTGQMSG ARYGGSSNIA SLTPGPGMQS  
 451 PSSYQNNNYG LNMSSPPHGS PGLAPNQNI MISPRNRGSP KIASHQFSPV  
 501 AGVHSPMASS GNTGNHSFSS SLSALQAIS EGVGTSLLST LSSPGPKLDN  
 551 SPNMNITQPS KVSNDQSKSP LGFYCDQNPV ESSMCQNSR DHLSDKESKE  
 601 SSVEGAENQR GPLESKGHKK LLQLLTCSSD DRGHSSLTNS PLDSSCKESS  
 651 VSVTSPSGVS SSTSGGVSS SNMHGSLLE KHRILHKLLQ NGNSPAEVAK  
 701 ITAEATGKDT SSITSCGDGN VVKQEQLSPK KKENNALLRY LLDRDDPSDA  
 =====  
 751 LSKELQPQVE GVDNKMSQCT SSTIPSSSQE KDPKIKTETS EEGSGDLNLDL  
 801 DAILGDLTSS DFYNNSISSN GSHLGTQKQV FQGTNSLGLK SSQSVQSIRP  
 851 PYNRAVSLDS PVSVGSSPPV KNISAFPLP KQPLMLGPNR MMDSQENYGS  
 901 SMGGPNRNVV VTQTPSSGDW GLPNSKAGRM EPMNSNSMGR PGGDYNTSLP  
 951 RPALGGSIPT LPLRSNSIPG ARPVLQQQQQ MLQMRPGEIP MGMGANPYGQ  
 1001 AAASNQLGSW PDGMLSMEQV SHGTQNRPLL RNSLDDLVP PSNLEGQSDE  
 1051 RALLDQLHTL LSNTDATGLE EIDRALGIPE LVNQQALEP KQDAFQGGQEA  
 1101 AVMMDQKAGL YGQTYPAQGP PMQGGFHLQG QSPSFNSMMN QMNQQGNFPL  
 1151 QGMHPRANIM RPRTNTPKQL RMQLQQLRQG QQFLNQSRQA LELKMNPTA  
 1201 GGAAMVRPMM QPQVSSQGGF LNAQMVAQRS RELLSHHFRQ QRVAMMMQQQ  
 1251 QQQQQQQQQQ QQQQQQQQQQ QQQQQQTQAF SPPPNVTASP SMDGLLAGPT  
 1301 MPQAPPQQFP YQPNYGMGQQ PDPAFGRVSS PPNAMMSSRM GPSQNPMMQH  
 1351 PQAASIYQSS EMKGWPSGNL ARNSSFSQQQ FAHQGNPAVY SMVHMNGSSG  
 1401 HMGQMNMNPM PMSGMPMGPD QKYC

HITS AT: 737-743  
 MF Unspecified  
 CI MAN  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)  
 1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 15 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RN 193488-34-5 REGISTRY  
 CN Transcription factor NCoA-2 (nuclear receptor coactivator 2) (mouse)  
 (9CI)  
 (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
 SQL 1463

SEQ 1 MSGNGENTSD FSRAETRRK ECPDQLGPSP KRSTEKRNRE QENKYIEELA  
 51 ELIFANFNDI DNFNFKPDKC AILKETVKQI RQIKEQECAA AANIDEVQKS  
 101 DVSSTGQGI DKDALGPMML EALDGGFFV NLEGSVVFV RNVTQYLRYN  
 151 QEELMNKSVY SILHVGDHTE FVKNLLPKSM VNGGSWSGEP PRRSHTFNC  
 201 RMLVKPLPDS EEEGHDSQEA HQKYEAMQCF AVSQPKSIKE EGEDLQSLI  
 251 VWHEDPHEGK TNSSLIRKLY HPPGPPRQDH FTGHHHESR HEAGLGRSGK  
 301 KDAFRSSTHS MKGSLYHMPR RHHHEVLRQG LAFSQIYRFS LSDGTLVAAQ  
 351 TSKSLIRSQT TNEPQLVISL HMLHREQNVC VMNPDLTGQA MGKPLNPISS  
 401 SSPAHQALCS GNPQDWTLS SNINFPMPNGP KIQMGMMPGR FGGSGGMNHV  
 451 SGMQATTPQG SNYALKNNSP SQSSFGMNPQ QASSVLSRQ RMSPGVAGSP  
 501 RIFFSQFSPA GNLHSPVGVG SSTGNSHSYT NSSLNALQAL SEGHHVSLGS  
 551 SLASPDLMKG NLQNSPVNMN PPPLSKMGS LSKDCFLYG EPSKGTGQA  
 601 EASCHPKKQK GPNDSSMPQA ASGDRAEGHS RLHDSKGQTK LLQLLTTKSD  
 651 QMEPSPLPSS LSDTNKDSTG SLPGPGSTHG TSLKEKHKIL HRLLDSSSP  
 701 VDLAKLTAEA TGKELSQESS STAPGSEVTV KQEPASPKKK ENALLRYLLD  
 =====  
 751 KDDTKDIGLP EITPKLERLD SKTDPASNTK LIANKTVKEE VSFEPSDQPG  
 =  
 801 SELDNLEEIL DDLQNSQLPQ LFPDTRPQAP TGSVDKQAI NDLMQLTADS  
 851 SPVPPAGAOK AALCMSQSSF NNPRPGQLGR LLPYQNLPLD ITLQSPGTAG  
 901 PFPPIRNSSP YSVIPQFGMN GNQGMGSGQ NLGNNSTGMI GSSTSRPSMP  
 951 SGEWAPQSTS CESTLVLLPL VPRTDQSKEA RFGNFTASIP MGANSQLGQR  
 1001 QMLQSQVMNI GPSELEMNMG GPQYNQQQAP PNQTAPWPES ILPIDQASFA  
 1051 SQNRQPFSS PDDLCPHPA AESPSDEGAL LDQLYLALRN FDGLEEIDRA  
 1101 LGIPELVQS QAVDAEQFSS QESSIMLEQK PPVFPQQYAS QAQMAQGGYN  
 1151 PNQDFNFHTM GQRPNYTTLR MQPRPGLRPT GIVQNQPNQL RLQLQHRLQA  
 1201 QQNRQPLMNQ ISSVSNVNL LRFVPTQAP INAQMLAQRQ REILNQHLRQ  
 1251 ROMQQQVQR TLMRGQGLN VTPSMVAPAG LPAAMSNPRI PQANAQQFPP  
 1301 PPNYGISQQP DPGFTGATTP QSPLMSPRNA HTQSPMWQSS QANPAYQPTS  
 1351 DNNGWAQGSN GGNSNPSQS PPHFGQQANT SMYSNNMNIS VSMATNTGGL  
 1401 SSMNQMTGQM SMTSVTSVPT SGLPSMGPEQ VNDPALRGGN LFPNQLLGMD  
 1451 MIKQEGDASR KYC

HITS AT: 744-751

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 16 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS  
 RN 193488-33-4 REGISTRY  
 CN Transcription factor p/CIP (co-integrator-associated protein) (mouse)  
 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
 SQL 1402

SEQ 1 MSGLGESSL PLAAESRRK LPCDAPGQGL VYSGEKWRRE QESKYIKKLA

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51 ELISANLSDI DNFNVKPKDC AILKETVRQI RQIKEQGKTI SSDDDVQKAD
101 VSSTGQGVID KDSLGLLLQ ALDGFLFVVN RDGNIVFVSK NVTQYLQYKQ
151 EDLVNTSVYS ILMEPRRKDF LNTYQNPQLM EFLGLMRTRD KKAPYILIVR
201 MLMKTHDILK DVNASPETRO RYETMQCFAL SQPRAMLEEG EDLQCCMICV
251 ARRVTAFFPS SPESFITRHD LSGKVVNIDT NSLRSSMRPG FEDIIRRCIQ
301 RFFSLNDGQS WSQKRHYQEA YVHGHAETPV YRFSLADGTI VSAQTKSKLF
351 RNPVTNDRHG FISTHFLQRE QNGYRPNPIP QDKGIRPPAA GCGVSMSPNQ
401 NVQMMGSRTY GVPDPSNTGQ MGGARYGASS SVASLTGQGS LQSPSSYQNS
451 SYGLSMSSPP HGSPGLGPNQ QNIMISPRNR GSPKNASHQF SPAAGAHSPM
501 GPSGNTGSHS FSSSSLSALQ AISEGVGTSL LSTLSSPGPK LDNSPNMNIS
551 QPSKVSGQDS KSPLGLYCEQ NPVESSVCQS NSRDPQVKKE SKESSGEVSE
601 TPRGPLESKG HKKLQLLTC SSDDRGHSSL TNSPLDPMCK DSSVSVTSPS
651 GVSSSTSGTV SSTSNNVRGSL LQEKMRILHK LLQNGNSPAE VAKITAEATG
701 KDTSSSTASC EGTTRQEQLS PKKKKNNALL RYLLDRDDPS DVLAKELQPQ

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751 ADSGDSKLSQ CSCSTNPSSG QEKDPKIKTE TNDEVSGDLD NLDAILGDLT
801 SSDFYNNPTN GGHPGAKQOM FAGPSSLGLR SPQFVQSVRP PYNRAVSLDS
851 PVSVGSGPPV KNVSAPFGLP KQPILAGNFR MMDSQKNYGA NNGPNRNVPV
901 NPTSSPGDWG LANSRASRME PLASSPLGRT GADYSATLPR PAHGGSVPTL
951 PLRSNRLPGA RPSLQQQQQQ QQQQQQQQQQ QQQQQQQQMLQ MRTGEIPMG
1001 GVNYPYPAVQ SNQPGSWPEG MLSMEQGPBG SQNRPLLNS LDDLLGPPSN
1051 AEGQSDERL LDQLHTFLSN TDATGLEEID RALGIPELVN QGQALESKQD
1101 VFQGEAAVM MDQKAALYQ TYPAGQPPLO GQFNLQGGSP SFNSMMGQIS
1151 QQGSFPLQGM HPRAGLVRPR TNTPKQLRMQ LQQLRQGGQF LNQSRQALKM
1201 KMENPAGTAV MRPMMPQAFF NAQMAAQQR KLMSHHLQQQ RMAAMMSQPQ
1251 PQAFFSPPNV TASPMDGVL AGSANPQAPP QQFPYPANYG TGQPPVASLW
1301 SRLESSQCND VIKNGAFFEC HGAASSAHTH VSAFRYEGVA VREPGQEWLL
1351 PPAAVCSPGE PCSLQHGA YE QQRWALGTDG HDPHAHVWHA NGPRSEILLT
1401 SP

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HITS AT: 729-735

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 17 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 183147-89-9 REGISTRY

CN RNA formation factor (mouse gene mSRC-1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Ribonucleic acid formation factor (mouse gene mSRC-1)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank U64828-derived protein GI 1490876

CN Protein SRC-1 (mouse steroid receptor coactivator-1 gene mSRC-1)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 1405

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SEQ      1 MSGGLGSSSD PANPDShKRK GSPCDTLASS TEKRRREQEN KYLEELAELL
      51 SANISDIDSL SVKPKCKIL KKTVDQIQLM KRMEQEKSTT DDDVQKSDIS
     101 SSSQGVIEKE SLGPLLLEAL DGFFVFNCE GRIVFVSENV TSYLGYNQEE
     151 LMNTSVYSIL HVGDAEFVK NLLPKSLVNG VPWPQEAARR NSHTFNCRML
     201 IHPPEDPGTE NQEAQRYEV MQCFTVSQPK SIQEDGEDFQ SCLICIARRL
     251 PRPPAITGVE SFMTKQDTTG KIISIDTSSL RAAGRTGWED LVRKCIYAFF
     301 QPQGREPSYA RQLFQEVMTG GTASSPSYRF ILNDGTMLSA HTKCKLCYPQ
     351 SPDMQPFIMG IHIIDREHSG LSPQDDNSG MSIPRINPSV NPGISPAHGV
     401 TRSSTLPPSN NNMVSARVNR QQSSDLNSSS SHTNSSNNQG NFGCSPGNQI

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451 VANVALNQGG AGSQSSNPSL NLNNSPMEGT GIALSQFMSP RRQANSGLAT
501 RARMSNNSFP PNIPTLSSPV GITSGACNNN NRSYSNIPVT SLQGMNEGPN
551 NSVGFSAGSP VLRQMSSQNS PSRLSMQPAK AESKDSKEIA SILNEMIQSD
601 NSDNSANEGK PLDSGLLHNN DRLSEGDSKY SQTSHKLVQL LTTTAEQQLR
=====
651 HADIDTSCKD VLSCTGTSSS ASSNPSGGTC PSSHSSLTER HKILHRLLEQ
=====
701 GSPSDITTLS VEPEKKDSVP ASTAVSVSGQ SQGSASIKLE LDAAKKKESK
751 DHQLRLRYLLD KDEKDLRSTP NLCLDDVKVK VEKKEQMDPC NTNPTPMTKP
=====
801 APEEVKLESQ SQFTADLDQF DQLLPTLEKA AQLPSLCETD RMDGAVTGV
851 IKAENVLPASL QPTTARAAPR LSRLPELELE AIDNQFGQPG AGDQIPWANN
901 TLTTINQNKP EDQCISSQLD ELLCPPTTVE GRNDEKALLE QLVSFSLGKD
951 ETELAELDRA LGIDKLVQGG GLDVLSEFPP PQQATPPLMM EDRPTLYSQ
1001 YSSPSPTAGL SGPFQGMVRQ KPSLGAMPVQ VTPPRGTFSP NMGMQPRQTL
1051 NRPPAAPNQL RLQLQORLQG QQQLMHQNRQ AILNQFAANA PVGMNMRSGM
1101 QQQITPQPPL NAQMLAQRRQ ELYSQQHRQR QIIQQQRAML MRHQSFGNNI
1151 PPSSGLPVQM GTPRLPQGAP QQFPYPPNYG TNPPTPPAST SPFSQLAANP
1201 EASLATRSSM VNRGMAGNMG GQFGAGISPQ MQQNVFQYPG PGLVPQGEAT
1251 FAPSLSPGSS MVPMPVPPPQ SSLLQQTPTT SGYQSPDMKA WQQGTMGNNN
1301 VFSQAVQSQP APAQPGVYNN MSITVSMAGG NANIQNMNPM MGQMOMSSSLQ
1351 MPGMNTVCSE QMNDPALRHT GLYCNQLSST DLLKTDADGN QDKKTEEFFS
1401 VVTTD

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HITS AT: 636-644, 693-700, 752-762

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 18 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 180191-82-6 REGISTRY

CN RNA formation factor F-SRC 1 (human HeLa cell reduced) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Ribonucleic acid formation factor F-SRC 1 (human HeLa cell reduced)

OTHER NAMES:

CN GenBank U59302-derived protein GI 1480646

CN Nuclear hormone receptor coactivator protein F-SRC-1 (human HeLa cell reduced)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 1440

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SEQ      1 MSGGLGSSSD PANPDShKRK GSPCDTLASS TEKRRREQEN KYLEELAELL
      51 SANISDIDSL SVKPDCKIL KKTVDQIQLM KRMEQEKSTT DDDVQKSDIS
     101 SSSQGVIEKE SLGPLLLEAL DGFFVFNCE GRIVFVSENV TSYLGYNQEE
     151 LMNTSVYSIL HVGDAEFVK NLLPKSLVNG VPWPQEATTR NSHTFNCRML
     201 IHPPDEPGTE NQEQACRYEV MQCFTVSQPK SIQEDGEDFQ SCLICIARRL
     251 PRPPAITGVE SFMTKQDTTG KIISIDTSSL RAAGRTGWED LVRKCIYAFF
     301 QPQGREPSYA RQLFQEVMTG GTASSPSYRF ILNDGTMLSA HTKCKLCYPQ
     351 SPDMQPFIMG IHIIDREHSG LSPQDDTNSG MSIPRVNPSV NPSISPAHGV
     401 ARSSTLPPSN SNMVSTRINR QQSSDLHSSS HSNSSNSQGS FGCSPGSQIV
     451 ANVALNQGQA SSQSSNPSLN LNNSPMEGTG ISLAQFMSPR RQVTSGLATR
     501 PRMPNNSFPP NISTLSSPVG MTSSACNNNN RSYSNIPVTS LQGMNEGPN
     551 SVGFSAASPV LRQMSSQNSP SRLNIQPAK ESKDNKEIAS ILNEMIQSDN
     601 SSSDGKPLDS GLLHNNDRLS DGDSKYSQTS HKLVQLLTTT AEQQLRHADI

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651 DTSCCKDVLSC TGTSNSASAN SSGGSCPSSH SSLTERHKIL HRLLQEGSPS
701 DITTLSVEPD KKDSASTSVS VTGQVQGNSS IKLELDASKK KESKDHQLLR
751 YLLDKDEKDL RSTPNLSLDD VKVKVEKKEQ MDP CNTNPTP MTKPTPEEIK
=====
801 LEAQSQFTAD LDQFDQLLPT LEKAAQLPGL CETDRMDGAV TSVTIKSEIL
851 PASLQSATAR PTSRLNRLPE LELEAIDNQF GQPGTGDQIP WTNNTVTAIN
901 QSKSEDQCIS SQLDELLCPP TTVEGRNDEK ALLEQLVSFL SGKDETELAE
951 LDRA LGIDKL VQGGGLDVLS ERFPPQQATP PLIMEERP NL YSQPYSSPSP
1001 TANLPSPFQG MVRQKPSLGT MPVQVTPPRG AFSPGMGMQP RQTLNRPPAA
1051 PNQLRLQLQQ RLQGGQQLIH QNRQAILNQF AATAPVGINM RSGMQQQITP
1101 QPPLNAQMLA QRQRELYSQ HRQRQLIQQQ RAMLMRQQSF GNNLPPSSGL
1151 PVQMGNPRLP QGAPQQFPYP PNYGTNPGRP PASTSPFSQL AANPEASLAN
1201 RNSMVS RGMT GNIGGQFGTG INPQMQQNVF QYPGAGMVPQ GEANFAPSL S
1251 PGSSMVPMPI PPPQSSLLQQ TPPASGYQSP DMKAWQQGAI GNNNVFSQAV
1301 QNQPTPAQPG VYNNMSITVS MAGGNTNVQN MNPMM AQMQM SSLQMPGMNT
1351 VCPEQINDPA LRHTGLYC NQ LSSTDLLKTE ADGTQVQQVQ VFADVQCTVN
1401 LVGGDPYLNQ PGPLGTQKPT SGPQTPQAQQ KSL LQQLLTE
=====

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HITS AT: 632-640, 689-696, 746-756, 1426-1440

MF Unspecified

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

L16 ANSWER 19 OF 19 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2000 ACS

RN 158163-19-0 REGISTRY

CN L-Arginine, L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-.alpha.-aspartyl-L-glutaminyl-L-.alpha.-

aspartyl-L-threonyl-L-seryl-L-lysyl-L-asparaginyl-L-seryl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-

L-asparaginyl-L-seryl-L-histidyl-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-valyl-L-threonyl-L-

leucyl-L-leucyl-L-glutaminyl-L-leucyl-L-leucyl-L-leucylglycyl-L-histidyl-L-

lysyl-L-asparaginyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-asparaginyl-L-

valyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-lysyl-L-asparaginyl-L-threonyl-L-seryl-L-

cysteinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Thyroid hormone receptor-binding protein S205a (human)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

SQL 39

SEQ 1 EDQDTSKNSK LNSHQKVTL L QLLLGHKNEE NVEKNTSCR

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HITS AT: 17-25

MF C186 H313 N59 O67 S

CI MAN

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, TOXLIT, USPATFULL

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)

Pak 09/163,713